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Approved For Release 2001/08/30 : CIA-RDE 4-0039080002000040014-7 College

Courier # M-292 908 mailed 3/18/71

16 March 1971

Mr. Ollon D. McCool Chief, Office Management Division Office of the Adjutant General Department of the Army Washington, D.C. 20315

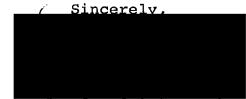
Dear Mr. McCool:

The attached documents received with your request AGAR-S (70507) dated 21 December 1970 have been reviewed.

This Agency has no objection to the declassification of the information contained in the documents numbered 13, 14, and 15 for release to Mr. Larry I. Bland. In the document numbered 16 we take exception to the penultimate paragraph, near the bottom of the page, specifically,



We feel that this paragraph should not be declassified or released. We recommend that it be referred to the Department of State for evaluation as it involves an issue in the realm of the political.



CIA Récords Administration Officer

dd (16 Mar. 71) DDS/SSS/RAB/

Enclosures:

4 pages of notes by Bland

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Approved For Release 2001/08/30: CIA-RDP74-00390R000200040014-7

12 March 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD:

STATINTL STATINTL I phoned concerning his memo of 9 March 1971 regarding AGAR-S (70507) on declassification of OSS notes taken by Mr. Bland.

or comments but the CI Staff said he was very emphatic that the last paragraph of page 16 not be declassified.

The comment from DDP per CI said: "Declassification and release of the slip item (noted in SSU memo 9 March) at the bottom of page 16 is against the best interests of the United States because the Soviets, if they get it — and they surely will when Mr. Bland publishes it, would have a field day with it."

John and I discussed the Agency position in withholding declassification. He explained that since these were Army records, the Agency had no strong way it could officially compel its continued classification, if Army did not agree. I suggested that the information involved in the record was political rather military or intelligence and therefore the Department of State may be very interested in preventing its release.

John and Lagreed that the Adjutant General should be advised of the Agency's reservation on the declassification and recommendation that the question was in the realm of the political and should be coordinated with Department of State for their evaluation.

STATINTL

CIA Records Administration Officer

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Approved For Release 2001/08/30: CIA-RDP74-00390R000200040014-7

5 January 1971

25X1A

MEMORANDUM TO: Director of Strategic Services Unit

SUBJECT : Review and Declassification of OSS Documents

The Adjutant General's Office proposes to declassify the attached notes taken by Mr. Larry I. Bland from OSS originated documents if there are no objections from this agency. May I have your comments, please.

CIA Records Administration Officer

Attachments:

AGO memo AGAR-S 70507 4 pages of notes

Distribution:

Orig. & 1 - Addressee

1 - OSS File

1 - RAB Suspense

1 - RAB Chrono

25X1A 25X1A DDS/SSS/RAB/ d (5 Jan. 71)

9 March 1971

STATINTL

MEMORANDUM FOR:

SUBJECT

: Review and Declassification of OSS Documents

1. Returned herewith are the documents you referred to us some time ago in connection with AGAR-S (70507). The CI Staff felt that one of the documents submitted should be reviewed by the DDP. After his review he took strong exception to declassifying a small part of the document dated 2 April 1945.

STATINTL

2. Clearance for the rest of the information contained in the documents submitted is authorized.

STATINTL

Executive Secretary
Strategic Services Unit

Attachments, A/S

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20315

AGAR-S (70507)

2 1 DEC 1970

25X1A

Records Administration Officer Central Intelligence Agency Washington, D. C. 20505

25X1A

Mr. Larry I. Bland, an unofficial researcher authorized access to classified Army files, has taken a number of notes related to his study on the diplomatic career of W. A. Harriman. Among these are four pages of notes taken from OSS-originated documents and Army documents responding to OSS requests. Copies of these pages are inclosed.

This department has no objection to the declassification of these notes. If there are no objections within your agency, we will declassify the inclosed pages and release them to Mr. Bland.

Your comments are requested.

Sincerely,

Inclosures 4 pages of notes (C)

Chief, Office Management Division

Approved For Release 200 108/30 : CIA-RDF 74-00390R000200040014-7

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Moscow Military Mission

telegram

RG 334, Box 18, File: "OSS."

oss

Soviet military bulget for 1945

31 May 1945

25X1A

"At the end April Zverev announced record military budget for 1945. Germany's collapse then imminent. Request your opinion why Russia did not reduce military appropriations for 1945. In view & vast stocks war materials budget seems oversize even in event Russian participation Far Eastern war.

"2. 6an you furnish us: (a) any details broken down by large categories of appropriations, (b) information on increase of Naval constitution, (c) information whether high military budget due writing off war plants to price increases or is international bluff, (d) kindly forward information as available by cable if you can."

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Secret

Moscow Military Mission 25X1Ann tobes Itan the in the Type of December telegram 1 RG 334, Box 18, File: "OSS." in N inblacis Soviet military budget for 1945 (cf. WAR-90893 31 May 1945)

Planned Sov. military bidget for 1944 was 12814 billion Rubles, actual expenditure was 137.9 billion; planned for 1945 is 137.9 billion. Military expenditures 52.5% of 1944 budget, 1945 is only 45% planned total budget.

Large scale construction of seaports announced but no large-scale construction of

ships announced.

No announcement of or other indications of large-scale conversion of plants to consumer goods. Indications of continuation of output of tanks, locomotives, steel and other basic materials at war-time levels

Mobilization ordered for summer training of all boys in 8th-10th grades. Soviets will probably keep large army because they are extravigant in use of guards and have large area to guard.

1945 budget figures drawn up before hostilities ended and may just be arbitrary with

idea of later adjustment.

S. H. A. C. S. LAND CO. S. MICE

Continuation of weapon manuf. to bring total army and reserve into proper proportion Other possible explanations for continued large military budget examined -- some evidence to support each.

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Secret

25X1A

Moscow Military Mission

memorandum

RG 334, Box 18, File: "OSS."

"Problems and Objectives of United States Policy"

2 April 1945

.25X1A

25X1 Prepared by OSS for

Donovan has it sent to

16 May 1945; WAH also sees 25X1A

1.US-UK-USSR etc.join to check expansion of Germany and Japan and to prevent them from dominating their respective continents.

"Once these objectives have been attained, the United States will be confronted with a situation potentially more dangerous that any preceding one. Russia will emerge from the present conflict as by far the strongest nation in Europe and Asia--strong enough, if the United States should stand aside, to dominate Europe and at the same time to establish her hegemony over Asia. Russia's natural resources and manpower are so great that within relatively few years she can be much more powerful than either Germany or Japan has ever been. In the easily foresceable future Russia may well outrank even the United States in military potential.

"The aims and intentions of Soviet Russia & cannot be predicted with any certainty. For one thing, history and ideology may easily lead Russia to interpret as aggressive the most pacific security measures of the other powers, and then herself to embark on upon "preventive" aggression. If Russia is offered the most elaborate guarantees, with the creation of organs for their enforcement, she may content herself with a sphere of control in Eastern Europe and in the northern borderlands of China, and with an influence roughly equal to that of the Western Powers in Germany, China and Japan, and may choose to devote herself to internal development and improvement of the living standard.

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For **one **thing **history **and **ideo kogy **may **casily **lead **Russia **to **intenpred **as**

In that case she need not be a threat either to other European states or to the United States. On the other hand, she may revert to the predatory tradition of Tsarist days or to the dynamism of the Communist International and may pursue a policy of expansion aimed at bringing all Europe and perhaps Asia under her control. If she should succeed in such a nolicy she would become a menace more formidable to the United States than any yet known. Russia's social and policital system makes possible a singleness of purnose and direction, as well as an integration of power, such as no non-totalitarian nation like the United States can hope to attain. At present the decision rests largely with one man—a man who knows nothing of foreign countires from personal experience. Emen though he should turn out to be the sour of moderation, nothing can be said of his successor and no guarantee can be had that Russia will not produce a new military conqueror."

"Obviously, nothing is to be gained from unreasoning antagonism to Russia...."

"It must rather be our aim to convince Russia of our own unaggressive intentions and of our readiness to understand and consider her problems while at the same time demonstrating our determination to safeguard our own interests."

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CONFIDENTIAL

US should do everything possible to promote est. and operation of system of world security. Especially important is cooperation of US-UK-USSR.

Above presupposes Soviet desire for peace and readiness for reasonable compromise; if this

not the case US must prepare for possible future war.

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"The great and compelling fact in the situation is Russia's future war potential and the tremendous threat to the United States if Russia should succeed in uniting the resources of Europe and Asia under her sway. Within a generation Russia could probably then outbuild us in every phase of military production. The present war has shown conclusively that with airpower and ships, a great power can move huge masses of men and supplies over vast ocean distances, despite the existence of strong enemy bases enroute, and the opposition of strong enemy forces of ships, submarines, and planes. This is the crux of the whole problem, and it dictates the urgent necessity of taking all measures to prevent or delay the domination of Europe and/or Asia by a power already so formidable as Russia."

"Unfortunately, recent events indicate that the Soviet Government puts but little store by proposals of compromise or by international agreements." Russian armies

Soviets clearly want to dominate governments of East Europe.

"If Russia were to establish a Communist regime in Germany or in any way to attain domination over that country, then her dominance over the Continent would be already assured and the future of Britain as well as France and eventually of the United States would be gravely jeopardized."

US will emerge stronger from war than Russia, but with smaller population. Soviets will probably want to avoid major conflict for 10-15 years. US needs "...a clear, firm, and thoroughly non-provocative policy...setting limits to Russian domination...building, in Western and Central Europe, a system that may check, rather than stimulate, the spread of Russian influence and control." "Only if the strong position of Russia in Eastern Europe can be counterbalanced by a Western-European-Mediterranean-American bloc will there be much prospect of preventing Russian domination of the whole continent."

